

Using Automated Code Reviews to Achieve “Continuous Quality”

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Peter Kofler

- Ph.D. (Appl. Math.)
- Professional Software Developer for 20 years
- “fanatic about code quality”
- Independent Code Quality Coach



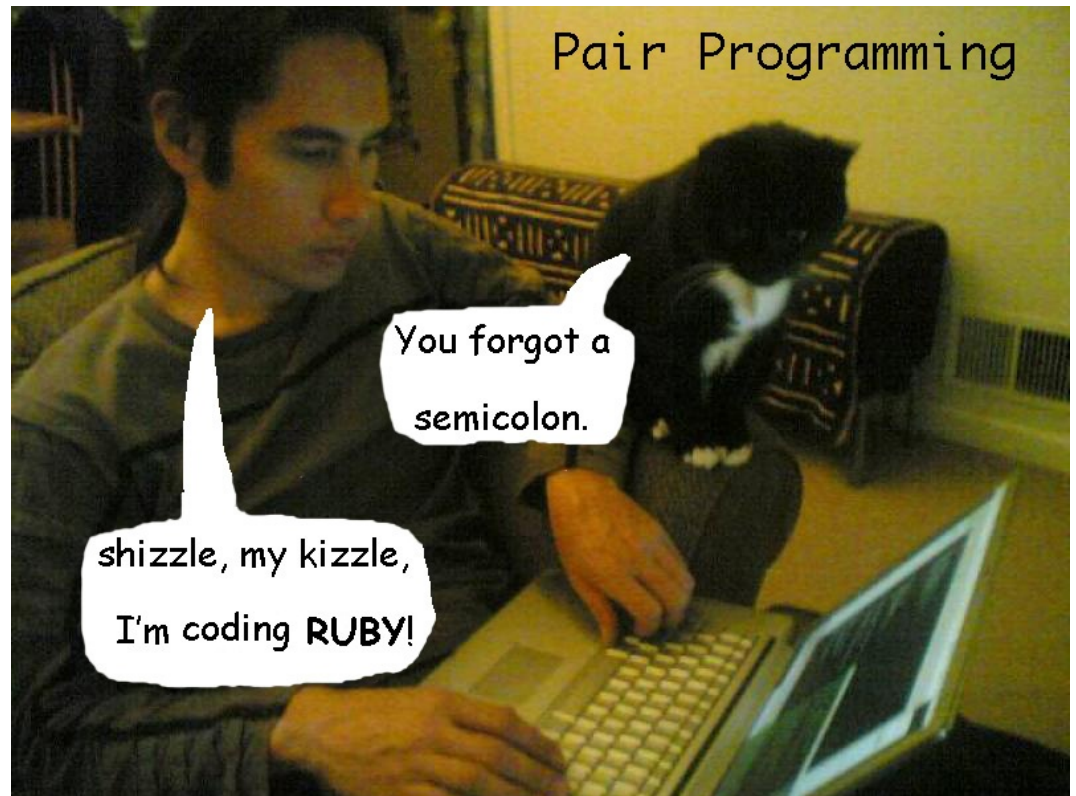
I help development teams with

- Professionalism
- Quality and Productivity
- Continuous Improvement



Mentoring

- Pair Programming
- Programming Workshops
- Deliberate Practice, e.g. Coding Dojos



Developing Quality Software Developers

Agenda

- What's the problem?
- Static Code Analysis
- Examples
- Conclusions



“standing on the shoulder of giants”

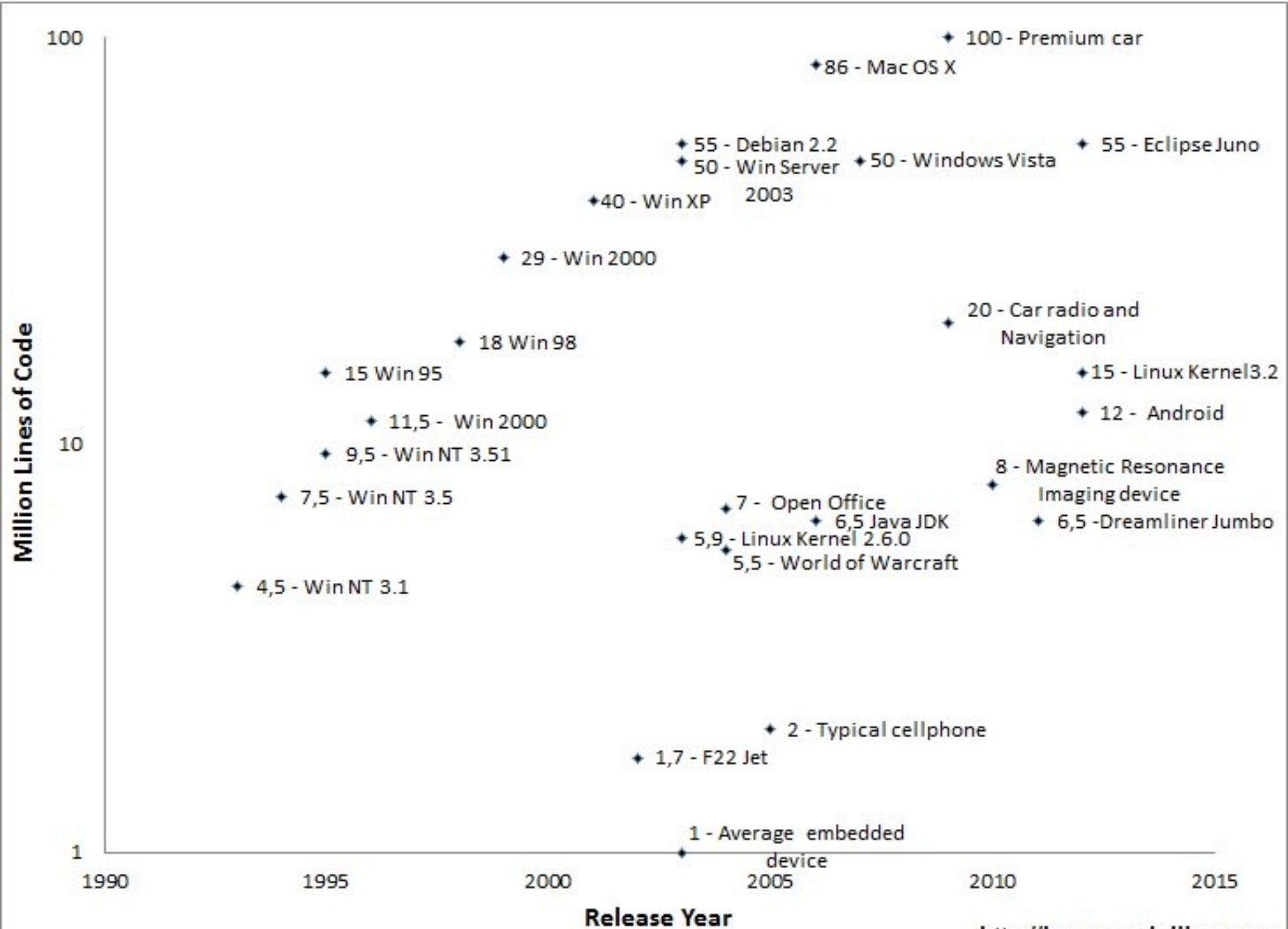
- Productive languages
- Complete libraries
- Powerful frameworks
- Automated everything



But

- Requirements and complexity increase
- Technology moves fast
- Knowledge Half-Life of 18 months (2007)
- Abstractions are leaky





We use Conventions, Guidelines, Best Practices



But I cannot
remember
everyrthnig.

What are you doing...

- to ensure external quality?
(e.g. “it works”)
- to ensure
internal
quality?
(e.g. “it can
be changed”)

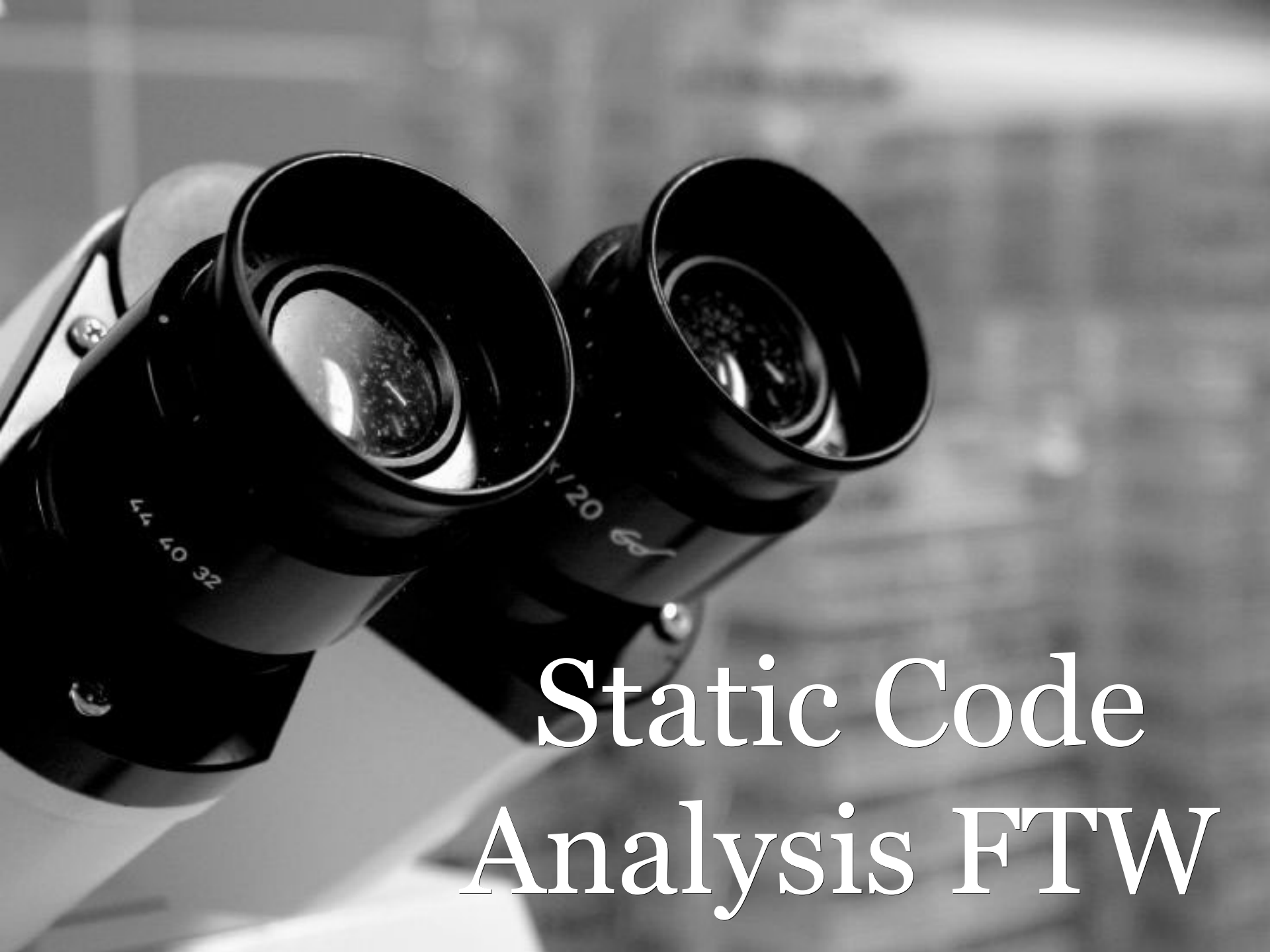


One developer is not enough

- Double Program Entry (Punch Cards)
- Code Reviews
- Pair Programming (XP, 1990)
- Pull Requests (GitHub, 2008)
- Mob Programming (2016)
- etc.

Continuous Delivery needs Automated Code Reviews





Static Code
Analysis FTW

Possibilities of Analysis

- Lexical analysis
 - coding conventions, design idioms
- Flow/path analysis
 - null-pointer, dead code
- Dependency analysis
 - architectural/design flaws
- Behavioural Code Analysis/“Commit Mining”
 - social information + time dimension

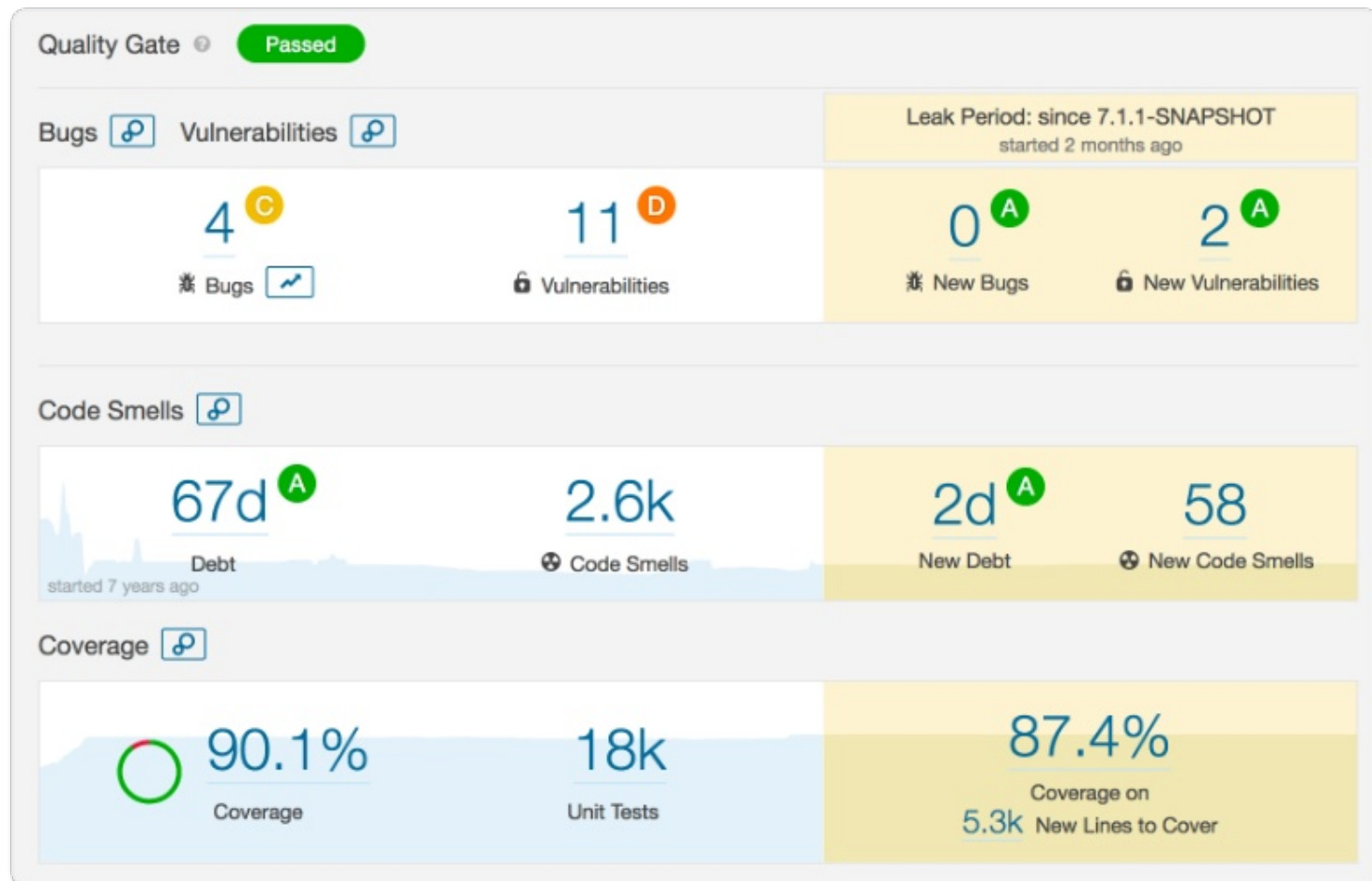
Levels of Analysis

- Micro Level
 - Statements, e.g. =, ==, {}
- Macro Level
 - Class Design, APIs, Error Handling
- Architecture Level
 - Interfaces, Layers, Components

Impact and Cost

- Statements
 - low impact, but can be severe (bug)
 - easy to find, easy to fix
- Class and API (Design)
 - e.g. class coupling → medium impact
 - easy to fix individually
- Architecture
 - e.g. layer violations → high impact
 - hard to fix or easy to fix but in many places

Example: Quality Dashboard



e.g. SonarQube, CAST

- **Lexical** analysis
- Findings on **Micro** and **Macro** Level
- Works out of the box
- SonarQube is free for many languages
- Commercial extensions for PL/SQL etc.
- History with trend graphs

SonarQube checks

- > 1000 Rules (Java):
- Formatting
- Language Usage
- Redundancies
- (Micro) Performance Improvements
- Maintenance Issues
- (Beginner) Mistakes
- Potential Bugs

Do you care?

- Which issues on Micro and Macro Level are relevant to you?
- Which issues should stop the pipeline?

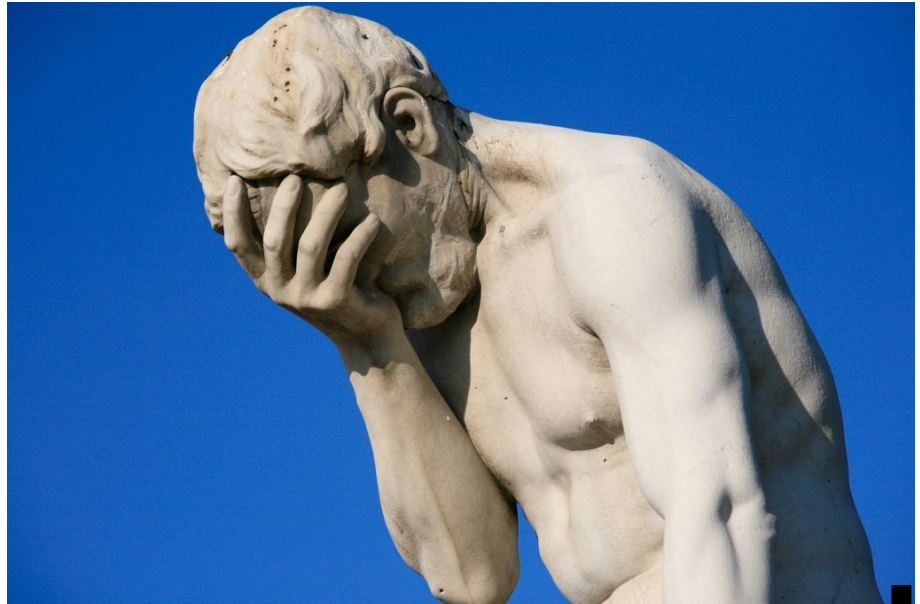


Problems

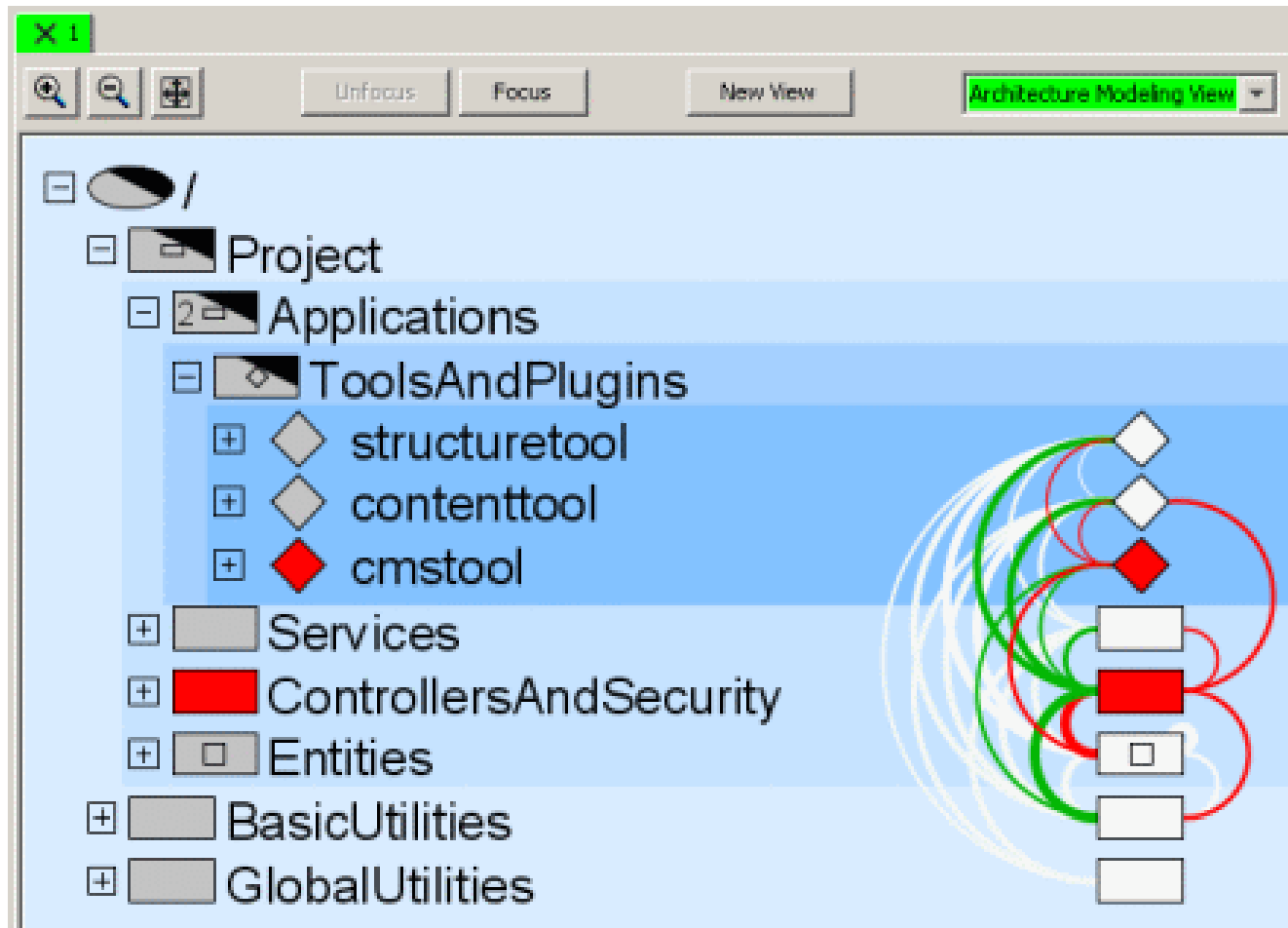
- Forces team to follow same rules
 - Rock stars, “Fix it later” ;-)
- Not all violations are equally severe.
- Not all violations are actionable.
- Often too many findings, drowning real issues
- Need to choose subset depending on project

Real World Experience

- Emergency Services
- Evaluation at “Half-Completed” (2015)
- Excellent team
- Oops, some code excluded from checks
- 9000 open issues
- Will they catch up?



Example: Dependency Analysis



e.g. Sotoarc, Structure101

- **Dependency** analysis
- **Macro** and **Architecture** Level
- Needs up front customisation
 - Definition of “the architecture”
- (almost) no free tools

Dependency Analysis finds

- Architecture deviations
- High coupling (Classes and Modules)
- Cycles
- Stability of API
- Bad (Design) Patterns, „Anti-Patterns“
- Usage of internal API
- Usage of forbidden API
- (Probably) Unused classes and methods

Do you care?

- Do you have a defined target structure?
- Which issues should stop the pipeline?
- Why?

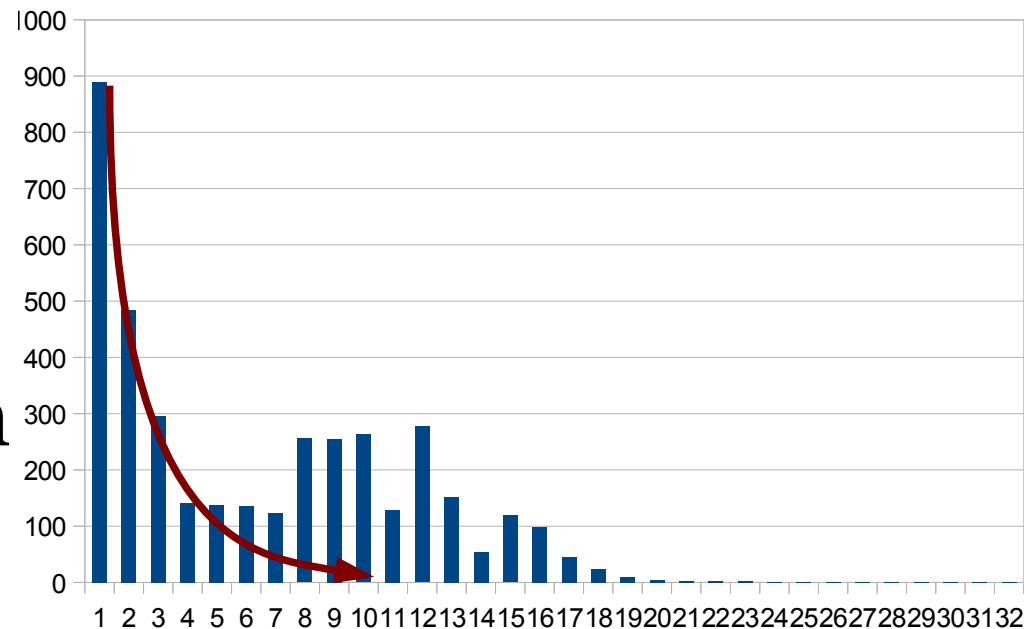


Problems

- Usually no detailed architecture definition (or not actionable/measurable)
- Impossible to see problems without tool
- Very abstract, need “senior” level skills
- People often build their own analysers

Real World Experience

- 3rd place Deloitte Technology Fast 500
- “A fresh look at the project” (2016)
- 2 DevOps teams
- High quality
- Layering problem



Continuous Quality?

Death of a Thousand Cuts

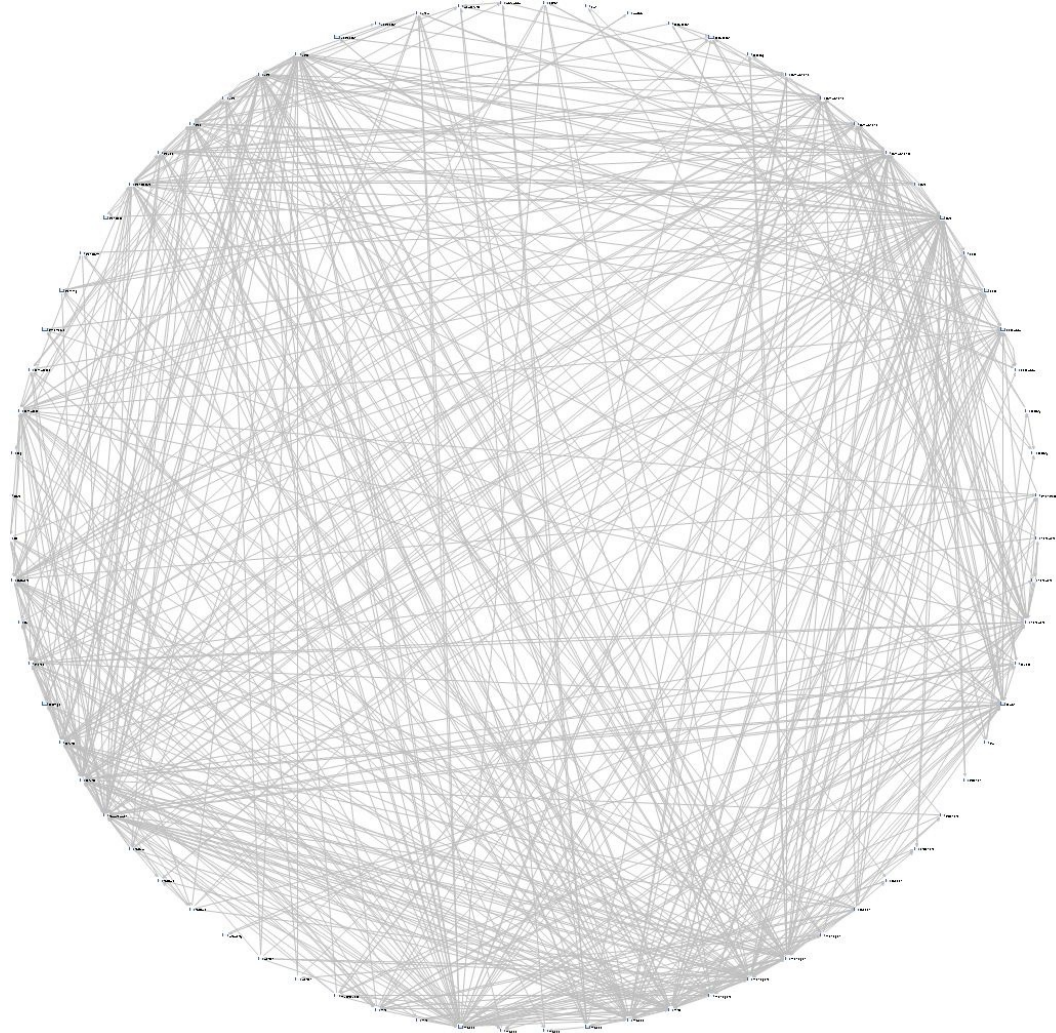


Real World Experience: Missing Lexical Analysis

- Due Diligence for smaller company (2018)
- 4M lines of code
- 80K warnings
- 190K relevant issues (out of 1.1M)
- **Impossible to fix**
- Impacted offer/price



Real World Experience: Missing Dependency Analysis



Real World Experience: Missing Dependency Analysis

- Internal product to calculate costs of large outsourcing deals (2013)
- Part of product family
- Several teams working constantly
- “Everything depending on everything”
- **Impossible to fix**
- Impacted stability and regressions

Conclusion



Add Code Analysis
to Build Pipeline
Today!

Break Pipeline on (selected) Violations



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